IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

EDWIN LEE ELMORE, Jr.	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
VS.	§ §	CASE NO. 4:12CV25
COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS	8	
Defendant.	§	

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER GRANTING PARTIAL MOTION TO DISMISS

Now before the Court is Defendant Collin County's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's State Worker's Compensation Retaliation Claims (Dkt. 12). In this case, Defendant brings claims for violations of the Family Medical Leave Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, and Section 451.001 of the Texas Labor Code. In its motion, Defendant seeks dismissal of the state law claims regarding Texas Labor Code violations, arguing that its governmental immunity is not waived for any such claims.

In his complaint, Plaintiff alleges that "Defendant, Collin County d/b/a Myers Park and Event Center violation § 451.001 of the Texas Labor Code because [Plaintiff] filed a workers' compensation claim in good faith, hired a lawyer to represent him in a workers' compensation claim, instituted or caused to be instituted a workers' compensation claim in good faith, and/or testified or was prepared to testify in a workers' compensation proceeding." Dkt. 2 at ¶ 6. Section 451.011 of the Texas Labor Code provides: "A person may not discharge or in any other manner discriminate

against an employee because the employee has: (1) filed a workers' compensation claim in good

faith; (2) hired a lawyer to represent the employee in a claim; (3) instituted or caused to be instituted

in good faith a proceeding under Subtitle A; or (4) testified or is about to testify in a proceeding

under Subtitle A." TEX. LAB. CODE. § 451.001.

In Texas, "sovereign or governmental immunity generally protects the government from

liability for the performance of governmental functions, such as the hiring and firing of its

employees." Travis Cent. Appraisal Dist. v. Norman, 342 S.W.3d 54, 56 (Tex. 2011). And, the

Texas Supreme Court has held that, as it is currently written, Section 451.001's Anti-Retaliation Law

does not waive a political subdivision's immunity for retaliatory discharge claims. *Id.* In matters

of state law, the Court is bound by Texas Supreme Court precedent. Therefore, the Court agrees that

Plaintiff's claims under Section 451.001 of the Texas Labor Code should be dismissed. See id.

("Because a retaliatory discharge claim may not be brought against the government without its

consent and the Political Subdivisions Law no longer provides such consent by waiving the

government's immunity, the underlying claim in this case must be dismissed.").

Defendant Collin County's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's State Worker's Compensation

Retaliation Claims (Dkt. 12) is GRANTED, and Plaintiff shall file an amended complaint within 10

days of the date of this Order.

SO ORDERED.

SIGNED this 30th day of April, 2012.

DON D. BUSH

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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